

Development-oriented Drug Control:

The DDC programme at a glance



Development-oriented Drug Control provides advisory services through five "products" specifically designed for particular regions and target groups. These products are delivered by local, regional and international experts.

■ Alternative Development

- creates alternative sources of income
- promotes social development processes
- improves institutional frameworks for sustainable human development

■ Drug Profile Analysis

- weighs the impact of drug problems on the sustainability of programme results
- adjusts strategy, programmes and projects accordingly

■ Peer-to-Peer Drug Abuse Prevention

- develops a target-oriented peer-to-peer approach in drug abuse prevention
- builds the capacity of specific social groups
- develops cooperation
- delivers needs-oriented project support

■ Integrated Local Drug Policies

- organises and networks local players and target groups
- develops local drugs strategies
- promotes interdisciplinary cooperation
- establishes networks of drug help services within and between various communities

■ Harm Reduction

- prevents drug-related health consequences
- integrates special harm reduction measures into existing addiction services
- provides needs-oriented services to projects
- strengthens drug-related health education and capacity building

Development-oriented Drug Control services

- planning and implementation of pilot and small-scale projects for strategically important issues and regions
- planning, advisory services and evaluation of development cooperation projects or project components for development-oriented drug control or related projects
- advisory services to partner country governments
- target-group-oriented information and awareness-raising
- rehabilitation and reintegration measures
- development of concepts and methods
- capacity-building, for instance for rural / alternative development and health:
 - training and education programmes
 - advisory services and promotion of organisational development of institutions and organisations
 - horizontal and vertical networking and promotion of cooperation among all players (those affected, institutions, organisations, the authorities, etc.)
 - knowledge management / transfer
- harm reduction as part of support to addicts, especially at the interface to HIV/AIDS prevention